I. General

A. These Rules of Procedure shall govern the procedures for enforcement of the International City/County Management Association (ICMA) Code of Ethics which is shared by the Illinois City/County Management Association (ILCMA). These Rules of Procedure shall apply specifically to members of the ILCMA who are not ICMA members. Members of the ILCMA who are members of the ICMA shall be covered by Rules of Procedure for the ICMA. ILCMA has the right to impose ICMA sanction decisions on ILCMA members as it relates to ILCMA membership status with no further action needed.

B. All members of the ILCMA are bound and agree to abide by the ICMA Code of Ethics.

C. The purpose of these Rules is to provide a reasonable process for investigating and determining whether an ILCMA member who is not a member of ICMA has violated the ICMA Code of Ethics, and to afford each member who is the subject of an investigation a full and fair opportunity to be heard throughout the process.

D. It is the intention of the ILCMA membership that these Rules be carried out carefully but expeditiously in order to minimize the time during which a member may be subject to possible disciplinary action while ensuring the fairness of the process. Accordingly, time limits stated in these Rules shall be binding, subject to extensions which may be granted by the ILCMA President for reasonable cause upon submittal of a timely request.

E. No person may participate in any proceedings on a complaint brought under these Rules if that person’s participation would otherwise create, or appear to create, a conflict of interest.

II. Jurisdiction

A. All members of the ILCMA are subject to the ICMA Code of Ethics and are subject to sanctions for any violations thereof which occur during their membership. A member may be subject to sanctions for a violation which continues while he or she is a member even though the conduct in question originated prior to admission for membership.

B. If a complaint is made against a person who was an ILCMA member at the time the alleged violation occurred, but who is not a member of the ILCMA at the time the complaint is made, the complaint will be processed under these Rules only if the former member agrees in writing. In no event shall a person be readmitted to
membership in ILCMA if there is an outstanding and unresolved complaint against him or her for conduct while formerly a member of ILCMA.

C. The ILCMA shall retain jurisdiction over an investigation of a respondent who, before the conclusion of the investigation, resigns from the ILCMA or otherwise allows his or her membership to lapse.

III. Responsibilities

A. Subject to these Rules, the Officers of the ILCMA and other members of the ILCMA Board of Directors shall be responsible for making the final decision on matters pertaining to enforcement of the ICMA Code of Ethics, including but not limited to, sanctions for the violation thereof.

B. The Committee on Professional Conduct (CPC) shall be the committee responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in implementing these Rules and shall have the specific duties set forth hereinafter.

C. The ILCMA President, Board of Directors and the CPC shall be responsible for publicizing and promoting the ICMA Code of Ethics with the membership, elected officials and the general public.

IV. Sanctions

A. Sanctions may be imposed in accordance with these Rules upon ILCMA members who are found to have violated the ICMA Code of Ethics. In determining the kind of sanction to be imposed, the following factors may be considered: the nature of the violation, prior violations by the same individual, the willfulness of the violations, the level of professional or public responsibility of the individual, and any other factors which bear upon the seriousness of the violation.

B. The following sanctions may be imposed singularly or in combination at the conclusion of an investigation and/or hearing under these Rules:

1. Private Censure. A letter to the respondent and the complainant, indicating that the respondent has been found to have violated the ICMA Code of Ethics, that the ILCMA disapproves of such conduct, and that, if it is repeated in the future, it may be cause for more serious sanctions.

2. Public Censure. Written notification to the respondent, the complainant, local governing bodies affected by the circumstances, and the news media, indicating that a violation of the ICMA Code of Ethics took place, that the ILCMA strongly disapproves of such conduct, and the nature of the sanction(s) imposed. Notice shall also be published in the newsletter of the ILCMA.
3. Expulsion. Written notification to the respondent, the complainant, local governing bodies affected by the circumstances, and the news media indicating that the respondent’s membership privileges in the ILCMA have been revoked. Notice shall also be published in the newsletter of the ILCMA.

4. Membership Bar. If the respondent is no longer a member of the ILCMA, written notification to the respondent, the complainant, local governing bodies affected by the circumstances, and the news media that the respondent has been barred from re-admission. Notice shall also be published in the newsletter of the ILCMA.

C. Upon receiving documented evidence that (1) a member has been found guilty of criminal conduct after a trial by a judge or a jury, (2) the member’s conduct violates the ICMA Code of Ethics, and (3) the conduct occurred while the person was a member of the ILCMA, the President shall immediately issue, by registered mail, a notice of suspension of membership to that member indicating that membership has been suspended as of the date of the notice. The President shall advise the CPC and Board of Directors of the action. The President may (a) ask the CPC to commence an investigation in accordance with Section VI of these Rules; or (b) defer consideration until the person has exhausted all legal appeals or the time for legal appeals has expired. The suspension of membership shall continue until final disposition of the case.

D. A member who has been barred or expelled from membership under these rules may apply for reinstatement to ILCMA membership only after a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the bar or expulsion, or from the date of the last review of a request for reinstatement. The barred or expelled former member must submit a written request to the ILCMA Board for a reinstatement review and include the reasons why he or she believes it should be considered. Such requests shall automatically be referred to the ILCMA President. The ILCMA President will review all the information provided, and make a recommendation to the ILCMA Board. The former member requesting reinstatement review is entitled to a hearing before the ILCMA Board.

V. Initiation of Procedures

A. Proceedings against an individual for an alleged violation of the ICMA Code of Ethics may be initiated by the President, after consulting with the Chairperson of the CPC, upon receiving a written complaint or other written information from any source indicating that a violation may have occurred.

B. Upon receiving such a written complaint or information, the President must ascertain whether it is sufficiently clear and complete to initiate proceedings, and, if so, whether it alleges conduct that may be a violation of the ICMA Code of Ethics.

1. If the President concludes that the evidence is sufficiently clear and complete and that the action does not constitute a violation of the ICMA Code of Ethics, the President shall so notify the complainant in writing.
2. If the President concludes that the complaint is not sufficiently clear or complete to initiate proceedings, he or she shall seek further clarification from the complainant or other sources before taking any further action.

3. If the President concludes that the complaint is sufficiently clear and complete to initiate proceedings, and may, if proven, indicate a violation of the ICMA Code of Ethics, a copy of the complaint or information shall be forwarded by registered mail to the respondent named in the complaint or information. The respondent shall be informed at that time of the provisions of the ICMA Code of Ethics which he or she is alleged to have violated. The President may also request that the respondent answer specific questions pertaining to the alleged violation.

4. The respondent shall be given thirty calendar days within which to respond in writing to the complaint or information, to provide any further information or material he or she considers relevant to the allegations, and to answer any specific questions asked by the President.

5. After receiving all requested information within the specified time limits, the President shall refer the question to the CPC for investigation in accordance with these Rules. However, no investigation shall be required if the respondent admits to the violation in her or her response. In that circumstance, the matter shall be referred to the ILCMA Officers for disposition in accordance with Section VII of these Rules.

VI. Investigations

A. Upon referral from the President, the CPC shall begin an investigation into the allegations.

B. Within thirty working days of receipt of a notice to proceed with an ethics investigation, the CPC shall afford the respondent an opportunity to meet with the CPC in person and may, at its discretion, afford such an opportunity to the complainant as well. The respondent may appear at such a meeting personally, and may be accompanied by a representative. Alternately, the respondent may appear through a representative.

C. The CPC shall prepare and maintain notes of all meetings and interviews with the respondent, the complainant, and any witnesses, and may request any such person to sign a statement prepared on the basis of those notes. The respondent shall be entitled to review these notes and statements, and any other documentary evidence gathered in the course of the investigation, and shall be afforded the opportunity to respond in writing thereto.

D. The CPC shall take all reasonable steps to ascertain the facts relevant to the case, including, but not limited to, interviews with witnesses, review of the respondent’s submission(s), and examination of all published material judged to be relevant and reliable.
E. Within forty-five working days, the investigation shall be concluded and a written
report of the CPC’s proposed findings of fact shall be sent to the President and the
respondent. Each finding must be supported by reliable and relevant evidence
which has been made available to the respondent for review. In its report, the CPC
may, at its discretion, recommend that disciplinary action be considered. However,
in doing so, the CPC shall not recommend a specific sanction.

VII. Decisions

A. The Officers of the ILCMA comprised of the President, President-elect, Vice
President and Secretary/Treasurer (the Officers) shall review the CPC report and
determine if the findings are supported by the evidence.

1. If the Officers conclude that the evidence is not sufficiently clear or
complete to reach a decision, the Officers may return the matter to the CPC with
a specific request for further investigation in accordance with these Rules.

2. If the Officers determine that the proposed findings are supported by the
evidence, they shall determine whether the findings demonstrate that a violation
of the ICMA Code of Ethics has occurred. If not, they shall dismiss the case and
so advise the respondent, the complainant, and the CPC.

3. If the Officers conclude on the basis of the CPC’s report that a violation
has occurred, they shall determine the appropriate sanctions(s). The Officers shall
notify the respondent of their intent to adopt the CPC’s report as final, and to
impose the specified sanction(s) for the reasons stated, unless the respondent can
show that the findings of fact are erroneous, or that the proposed sanction(s)
should not be imposed in light of certain mitigating factors which the Officers
had not previously considered. The respondent shall also be notified of his or her
right to a hearing. The respondent shall have thirty calendar days in which to
submit a written response to the Officers and/or to request a hearing.

4. In the event that the respondent makes no further submission and/or
does not request a hearing, the Officers shall promptly adopt the proposed
findings and sanction(s) as final and so inform the respondent, the Board of
Directors, and the complainant. However, in a case that is resolved with a private
censure, only the complainant and the respondent shall be notified.

5. In the event the respondent makes a written submission, but does not
request a hearing, the Officers shall review the submission and may either adopt,
or revise and adopt as revised, the proposed findings and/or sanction(s), as they
deem appropriate. Before making a decision, the Officers may also request
additional information from the respondent. The Officers shall promptly notify
the Board of Directors, the respondent, and the complainant of their decision.
However, in a case that is resolved with a private censure, only the complainant
and the respondent shall be notified.
6. In the event the respondent requests a hearing, the Officers shall refer the case, including their recommended sanction(s), for hearing before the Board of Directors. Hearings shall be conducted in accordance with Part VIII of these rules. No sanction(s) shall be imposed before the hearing is concluded.

B. If the Officers determine that a private censure is the appropriate sanction, and the respondent has not requested a hearing, the President shall send a letter of private censure to the respondent and a copy to the complainant. The case shall then be closed. No other notification of the private censure shall be made. However, the ILCMA may publish a description of the conduct that resulted in a private censure, provided that names and identifying details are not disclosed.

C. If the Officers determine that a public censure, expulsion or membership bar is the appropriate sanction, and the respondent has not requested a hearing, appropriate notifications shall be made in accordance with Section IV-B.2, B.3 and B.4 of these Rules.

VIII. Hearings

A. The following procedures shall govern all hearings conducted pursuant to these Rules.

B. The hearing shall be conducted by the Board of Directors. However, the Officers shall not participate in the hearing except as set forth in Section VIII-G and VIII-H.

C. The Board of Directors shall appoint a Chairperson for the hearing.

D. Within thirty calendar days of receiving a request for a hearing, the Chairperson shall notify the respondent by registered or certified mail that a hearing has been scheduled before the Board of Directors. The hearing date shall not be earlier than thirty calendar days after the date the notice is postmarked. The notice shall also state that the respondent has a right:

1. To appear personally at the hearing;

2. To be accompanied and represented at the hearing by an attorney or other representative;

3. To review all documentary evidence, if any, against him or her, in advance of the hearing;

4. To cross examine any witness who testifies against him or her at the hearing; and

5. To submit documentary evidence, and to present testimony, including the respondent’s in his or her defense at the hearing.
E. The Board of Directors shall not be bound by any formal rules of evidence but may accord appropriate weight to the evidence based on its relevance and reliability.

1. The CPC’s report shall be admissible evidence at the hearing.

2. The Board of Directors may not hear evidence or any alleged ethics violation by the respondent that was not related to the initial investigation.

F. At any hearing conducted under these Rules, the President or his/her designee shall first present evidence in support of the Officer’s decision. Upon conclusion of the presentation, the respondent shall have the opportunity to present evidence in his or her defense.

G. The President or his/her designee shall have the right to question or cross-examine any witness testifying at the hearing.

H. Within forty-five working days of the conclusion of the hearing, the Board of Directors shall render a decision in the case.

1. The decision shall be in writing and shall include a statement of the reasons therefore. Only evidence which was put before the Board of Directors may be considered as a basis for the decision.

2. The Board of Directors’ decision may be to:

   a. Dismiss the case;

   b. Adopt the findings and sanction(s) recommended by the Officers; or

   c. Revise, and adopt as revised, the findings and/or sanction(s) recommended by the Officers. However, the Board of Directors may not increase the sanction(s) recommended by the Officers unless new evidence, not previously available to the Officers, is disclosed at the hearing, which indicates that the respondent’s violation was more serious. No sanction may be imposed for any violation of which the respondent had no prior notice.

3. A copy of the decision of the Board of Directors shall be sent to the respondent, the complainant and the Officers.

4. Promptly after receiving a copy of the written decision, the ILCMA President shall implement the sanction(s), if any, imposed by the Board of Directors in accordance with these Rules.

I. The Board of Directors shall determine logistical and administrative considerations related to hearings. Decision of the Board of Directors shall be final and binding.
IX. Miscellaneous

A. The Board of Directors is authorized to secure legal counsel. ILCMA shall provide professional liability coverage to assist and protect the ILCMA and the participants in the ethics peer review process.

B. All proceedings set forth in these Rules of Procedure shall be confidential.

C. “Working Day” shall mean Monday through Friday between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. “Calendar Day” shall mean a twenty-four hour period from 12:00 a.m. to the following 11:59 p.m.